

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, June 17.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .01.
Temperature, Max. 81; Min. 72. Weather, fair.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.92c. Per Ton, \$78.40.
88 Analysis Beets, 10s. 5 1/4d. Per Ton, \$84.00.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, JUNE 18, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FIFTY-FIVE INDICTMENTS HAVE NOW BEEN RETURNED AGAINST STRIKE LEADERS

More for Conspiracy to Murder Returned Yesterday—Hawaii Association Adopts Sensible Course.

FIFTY-FIVE INDICTMENTS.

Indictments to date against the strike leaders:
Territory versus Soga—disorderly person.
Territory versus Tasaka and eight others—disorderly persons.
Territory versus Soga and four others—conspiring to prevent the Oahu sugar plantations from carrying on their business.
Territory versus Mikawa and twelve others—riot.
Territory versus Soga and five others—conspiring to murder.
Territory versus Soga and five others—conspiring to commit assault and battery.
Territory versus Matsunaga and two others—conspiring to murder.
Territory versus Miyachi and eleven others—conspiring to murder.
United States versus Uchiyama—sending defamatory matter through the mails.

To date, fifty-five indictments have been returned by the Federal and Territorial Grand Juries against the leaders of the Oahu strike on charges arising in connection with the strike. Of these indictments, twenty-one are on the serious charge of conspiring to commit murder. The actual number of persons implicated is, of course, many fewer than the total number of indictments, Soga, Makino and others having several indictments each to appear under for trial.

Yesterday the indictments returned before Judge De Bolt were those against Makino, Negoro, Tasaka, Kawamura, Soga and Yamashiro, for conspiracy to murder; against Soga and two others for conspiracy to commit assault and battery; against Sugawara, the Higher Wage collector who assaulted a Punaluu Japanese with a cane knife last Friday, and against Jotaro Mikawa and twelve others for rioting on the occasion of the at-

tempt to rescue a prisoner from Constable Willis, at Waipahu.

Lightfoot Ready for Trial.
Attorney Lightfoot stated yesterday that he was ready to proceed with the trials of those under indictment for conspiring to murder. He will ask, probably, that some of the cases be taken up without delay.

Hawaii Japanese Present Demands.
Word was received yesterday of the result of the meeting in Hilo last week of the delegates of the majority of the plantations on the Big Island. There the laborers ask for increased pay, but make this request and some others in a way calculated to bring about the least possible friction between themselves and their employers. Word was also received that the Hawaii Japanese are going to lend no assistance to those on strike here.

Hawaii Japanese Will Not Strike.
The managers of the plantations on Hawaii from Kukuiahae to Puna were formally asked on Wednesday to advance wages to their Japanese to a minimum of one dollar for a ten hour day. Coupled with this announce-

ously careful to explain to the watchman the exact time that they had parted company with the man who was afterwards found with his head mangled in. Tuesday morning, again, when viewing the body lying in the lumber yard, the two asked the watchman if he remembered their statement of the night before regarding the time that they had left Wetherill. The two also made this statement to the police officer in charge of the body shortly after it was first found.

Last night Kaheana, alias "Waiki," swore that he left Cummings, Mc-

WAIPAHU STRIKEBREAKER KILLED IN AN ACCIDENT

Twenty-year old Helvaso Rodrigues, a Porto Rican from Pearl City who has been employed as a "strikebreaker" at Waipahu plantation, fell from a cane car that was carrying him from work yesterday afternoon, death being almost instantaneous. Reports of the affair reached here late last evening. Sheriff Jarrett was down in the country on his daily tour of inspection, and when the bare news came that a Porto Rican strikebreaker had been killed, he feared immediately that an outbreak among Japanese had occurred.

When he arrived on the scene, Deputy Sheriff Fernandez had taken charge, securing a coroner's jury on the spot. Sheriff Jarrett was unable to get in touch with the authorities down-country last evening by telephone, but at the time he left Waipahu the inquest was well under way and it seemed that the jury would probably bring in a verdict of accidental death.

Rodrigues was on the cane car with a number of fellow-workmen, none of whom were Japanese. In some manner he lost his balance and toppled from the moving car. It appeared that he struck on his neck, which was terribly lacerated, his death being caused by hemorrhages and by the great loss of blood.

Sheriff Jarrett stated that he was satisfied that there had been no foul play in connection with the happening, it being a pure and simple accident.

EVIDENCE BAD FOR PRISONERS

All Suspicion Is Apparently Directed Against McCandless and Cummings.

With the net of evidence apparently enmeshing completely the two men who are now in custody, Thomas Cummings and Jim McCandless, the coroner's jury looking into the matter of the death of Henry Wetherill adjourned at 10 o'clock last night until this evening at 7 o'clock. The greater part of the testimony from the different witnesses has been secured, there being only a couple of men besides McCandless yet to go on the stand, and it all seems to point in the direction of Cummings and McCandless as the murderers.

It has been established almost beyond a doubt that Cummings and McCandless were attempting to establish an alibi when they told the watchman on the steamer Pleiades that they had left Henry Wetherill not later than ten-thirty on the fateful night. They reiterated this statement to several people on Tuesday morning when the body was discovered. No less than four witnesses have stuck to the story that McCandless, Cummings, and Wetherill were together in the rooms of Mary McCandless within a very few minutes of midnight on Monday night. These witnesses were severely grilled, being put through a searching cross-examination by Deputy City Attorney Milverton, but none of them could be swayed from the main issue as to the time that the three sailors were last in the rooms of Mary McCandless.

The finger of suspicion was first pointed at McCandless and Cummings when they were so blatant in their statements that they had left Wetherill at half-past ten on Monday night. On returning to the Pleiades about 1 o'clock Tuesday morning, the two men greeted the watchman on board with: "Has Henry come on board the ship yet?"

On being told that he had not, Cummings and McCandless were conspicu-

JAPANESE GOVERNMENT WILL NOT INTERFERE IN STRIKE



STRIKEBREAKERS—JUST AFTER GETTING THEIR \$1.50 PAY.

NINETEEN TRUE BILLS RETURNED

Quick Action by Grand Jury in Cases Against Japanese.

That the grand jury firmly believes that the chief agitators back of the high wage movement have not hesitated to break the law, even extending to a conspiracy to take the life of Editor Sheba of the Hawaii Shinpo, was emphasized yesterday when Makino and four of his colleagues were indicted twice, both true bills containing two counts.

One indictment charges the men with conspiracy to murder Sheba, and the other accuses them of forming a conspiracy to commit assault and battery on the person of the editor.

The men under indictment on the two charges are Y. Soga, Kinzaburo Makino, T. Tasaka, Keitano Kawamura, G. Negoro, and Matsutaro Yamashiro.

The indictment on the conspiracy to murder charges recites in legal phraseology that—"on the 13th day of January in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine, maliciously and fraudulently combined and mutually undertook and concerted together to instigate others, to wit, persons of Japanese nationality then and there residing in the City and County of Honolulu, whose names are to the members of this grand jury unknown, to commit the offense of murder by killing with malice aforethought, without authority, justification or extenuation by law, one Sometaro Sheba, a man then and there being and residing in Honolulu aforesaid, there by committing the crime of conspiracy."

The second indictment is similar except the substitute of the phrase "assault and battery" in place of murder, and it also gives the date of the crime as January 13th, apparently the date of the organization of the association by the plantation laborers.

An indictment was also returned against Sugawara, the collector of the Higher Wage Association, who used a well-sharpened cane knife in connection with his work. The indictment

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DOUBT JURISDICTION OF THE TERRITORY

Judge De Bolt has set tomorrow morning on which to determine a question of jurisdiction that has arisen in connection with a Japanese woman who was ordered to be deported to Japan on the Siberia, sailing Wednesday, for violation of the Edmund's Act.

Late yesterday afternoon Attorney E. C. Peters obtained a writ of habeas corpus which was served on Captain Zeeder of the Siberia and Immigration Inspector Halsey, and prevented the woman being carried away on the Pacific Mail liner. United States District Attorney Breckons has taken the position that the Territorial courts had no jurisdiction to issue a writ of habeas corpus when the Federal Government had already ordered the woman to be deported and that no mandate of a local judge could override an order from the Department of Commerce and Labor.

This question of jurisdiction will be considered by Judge De Bolt tomorrow and in the meantime the woman is in the custody of High Sheriff Henry.

HONOLULU-LOS ANGELES STEAMER

Castle Assures Ties Enough for Return Freight—Now Plan Excursions.

Definite proposals to place a passenger steamship on a regular run between Los Angeles and Hawaiian ports are now being made again, this time by the company undertaking to run a series of Pacific excursions. The plans for the placing of a steamer on the run have gone so far that money for half the purchase price of a steamer is ready in Los Angeles, it being the idea to raise the other half in Honolulu, in six shares. A steamer has been picked out, which it is thought would fill the requirements. This vessel is of a carrying capacity of approximately six thousand tons, exclusive of fuel, with accommodations for one hundred and fifty passengers. The vessel is a new one and has a speed of seventeen knots. The question of return freights has

TWO THOUSAND PINE TREES TO BE SENT HERE

Santa Barbara News.—Owing to negotiations which have been opened up between the Government Agricultural Department at Washington and the Government Agricultural Department at Honolulu, two thousand young pine trees are to be shipped from this district direct to Honolulu within the next few days.

The shipping of the trees is in the nature of an experiment designed to discover whether they will flourish on Honolulu soil. The consignment comprises 1000 Coulter pines and 1000 Jeffrey pines, all of which, in conjunction with Colonel Slosson, Forest Supervisor, have been selected by the Agricultural Commission—C. W. Beebe, W. H. Schuyler and R. C. Wylie. They were taken from the Santa Ynez Mountains and from the Mono Flat. They are consigned to Ralph R. Hosmer, of Honolulu, who is in charge of the Government Agricultural Department. They will be planted in the Government reserve.

GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTED OF SUGAR

SEATTLE, Washington, June 8.—For the first time the doors of the Hawaiian building at the exposition were thrown open to the public today. The exhibits were delayed on account of the late arrival of the United States transport Dix, on which they were shipped, but the Hawaiian Commissioners have been working day and night to get their display in order, and were ready this morning to receive callers. A bevy of Hawaiian belles were in attendance to serve the fruit and delicacies of the Islands to visitors.

One of the artistic features of the Hawaiian building is the sugar palace. This is a replica of the government buildings at Honolulu. The structure stands 35 feet high and is entirely coated with sugar. The interior contains models of plantations and sugar refineries and a full exhibit pertaining to the sugar industry.

Consul Uyeno Advised Planters Not to Yield— Declares Strike Leaders to Be Anarchists.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

TOKIO, June 18.—Consul General Uyeno, of Honolulu, reports to the Japanese Foreign Office that he has advised the planters of Oahu not to yield to the demands of the striking Japanese plantation laborers.

WORK OF ANARCHISTS

He declares in his report that the agitation for higher wages is the work of an anarchistic element among the Hawaiian Japanese.

NO INTERFERENCE FROM TOKIO

The Japanese government will not interfere in Hawaiian strike.

JAPANESE JOURNALIST COMING TO INVESTIGATE

SAN FRANCISCO, June 18.—K. Kiyose, a Japanese journalist, sailed for Honolulu yesterday on the steamer China to make an investigation of the Oahu strike question on behalf of the Japanese of the Pacific Coast.

BUNKER HILL AGAIN THE SCENE OF CARNAGE

BOSTON, June 18.—Sixty-five persons were injured here yesterday in an explosion of fireworks, intended to be used in the celebration of Bunker Hill Day.

FIGHTING FOR FREE WOOD PULP

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The fight for free wood pulp for the manufacture of printing paper has been begun in connection with the tariff revision in the Senate.

PORTO RICANS FROM HAWAII TO BE DEPORTED

Call.—Immigration Commissioner Hart North and Harry K. Bogart, business manager of the Associated Charities, held a conference yesterday and decided to deport all of the destitute Spanish and Porto Rican families in the Latin quarter who have not been on American soil three years.

About 150 Spanish and Porto Rican families have come to San Francisco from Hawaii within the last year and all have been compelled to depend for food and clothing upon the Associated Charities.

"These families were brought to Hawaii by sugar planters and others through promises of work," said Bogart last night, "but the promises were indefinite, no wage being stipulated and the length of employment being left unmentioned. Those who secured jobs lost them after a time and with just enough money left to pay for their passage they came to San Francisco."

The immigration officials will probably take steps to stop these practices.

The Port Arthur Benevolent Society have laid the matter of the deficit of \$7500 in the accounts of the society under the presidency of Mme. Stoessel before the Crown Prosecutor. Mme. Stoessel is the wife of General Stoessel, who was in command of the Russian forces at Port Arthur.

ANOTHER NORTH SEA INCIDENT

HELSINGFORS, Finland, June 17.—Kaiser William of Germany and the Czar of Russia met today on board the Viborg. The yacht on which the Emperors met was carefully guarded, the Russians proving to be overenthusiastic in their endeavor to feed off prying eyes.

The British steamer Northburg, while approaching the meeting place of the Royalties, was fired on by a Russian torpedo boat, and one of the men on board was wounded.

FORMIDABLE FLEET GATHERS.

LONDON, June 17.—Three hundred and fifty warships have been mobilized by the Admiralty for maneuvers.

HENEY SCORES DEFENSE.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—Prosecutor Heney devoted his argument today to a vigorous denunciation of the methods pursued by the Calhoun defense. Heney is expected to conclude his argument tomorrow.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—The big armored cruiser St. Louis will sail on Saturday for a cruise to Samoa, touching at Honolulu.

MANILA, June 17.—The American steamer San Juan is ashore at Samar.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 17.—The cholera epidemic is growing worse.